SFH in St. Martin AT

PROJECT SUMMARY

Renovation of a single-family house built in 1973 with an added storey for a second housing unit, a staircase and living room addition. Complies with Austrian low energy requirements.

SPECIAL FEATURES

- central mech. ventilation system with heat recovery
- geothermal heat pump

ARCHITECT

Grundstein Architektur Architektin Dipl. Ing. Irene Prieler

OWNER

Mag. Margit und Maria Schilchegger, Ing. Thomas Hartl Private





IEA – SHC Task 37 Advanced Housing Renovation with Solar & Conservation





BACKGROUND

The single family house in St. Martin am Tennengebirge was built in 1973 with a central oil heating system, central electric domestic hot water heating and a building envelope typical for the time. The space heating demand was $230 \text{ kWh/(m}^2a)$.

After the renovation 2007 with an added, wooden frame storey and the renovated of the two existing storeys, the house complies with Austrian low energy requirements and needs only 17 kWh/(m²a) for space heating.

OBJECTIVES OF THE RENOVATION

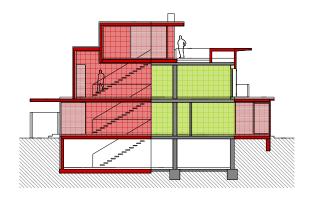
- enlarge the living space economically
- minimize heating costs
- meet Austrian low energy requirements
- renovatie with least annoyance of residents

SUMMARY OF THE RENOVATION

- insulation: roof (280 mm), facade (240 mm) basement ceiling (160 mm)
- Triple glazed windows in the new storey
- enhanced first floor layout
- use of prefabricated wall units (second floor)
- new staircase

After

- enlarged kitchen and new sanitary installations
- mechanical ventilation with heat recovery and air heating
- geothermal heat pump



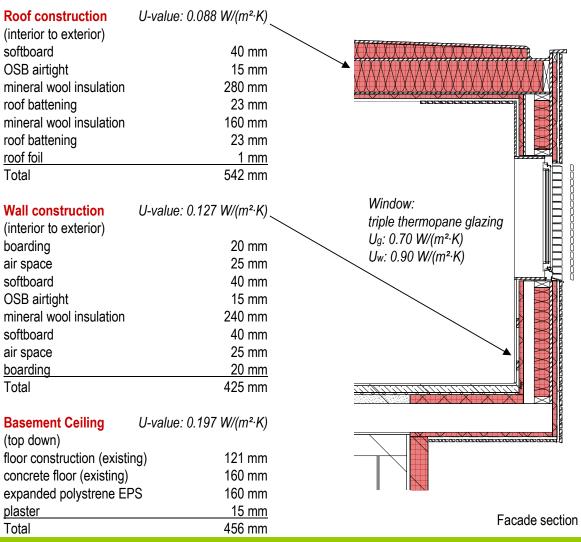


Lasting quality





CONSTRUCTION







Summary of U-values W/(m²·K)

	Before	After
Attic floor	1.2	0.09
Walls	1.3	0.13
Basement ceiling	0.9	0.20
Windows	ca. 2.5	0.90

BUILDING SERVICES

A geothermal heat pump provieds space heating. Heat distribution is by floor heating in the new storey, the other storeys use the existing radiators. The whole building is ventilated by a new, central, mechanical system with 90% heat recovery and air heating is installed in the whole building. An earth to air heat exchanger preheats intake fresh air. Domestic water is heated by the geothermal heat pump with an antibacterial preparation.

RENEWABLE ENERGY USE

Opportunity for a future use of Photovoltaics.

ENERGY PERFORMANCE

Space + water heating (primary energy)*Before:459 kWh/(m²a)After:11.7 kWh/(m²a)Reduction:97 %

* according to OIB Richtlinie 6

INFORMATION SOURCES

Grundstein Architektur Grundsteingasse 14/19 A-1160 Wien www.grundstein.cc

Brochure authors

S. Grünewald, S. Rottensteiner

Contact

Thomas Mach thomas.mach@tugraz.at

